FLASH Puberty/Hygiene 5th grade lesson outline (Day 1 and 2)

Learning objectives:
1. Describe the physical and emotional changes of puberty
2. Anticipate puberty with positive feelings and recognize that the timing of change is individual
3. Distinguish among definitions of erection, menstruation, nocturnal emission, ovum, puberty, and sperm
4. Explain the purposes of bras, athletic supporters, and menstrual hygiene products
5. Distinguish puberty facts from myths
6. Being curious about puberty, health, and your body is normal and you should ask questions and have conversations about it with adults you trust

Assessments:
Day 1                                      Day 2
1. Pair share/group discussion after the video
2. Major changes review, lists on the board
1. Puberty vocabulary quiz
2. T/F trivia

Agenda:
Day 1                                      Day 2
1. Introduction/agreements                  1. Puberty vocab review
2. Puberty video                            2. T/F trivia
3. Review major changes                     3. Anonymous questions
4. Closing                                 4. Healthy communication

Materials:
1. Flash drive for PPT
2. Hygiene kit (pads, tampons, deodorant)
3. Puberty vocab review
4. Anonymous question box/scrap paper
5. White board/marker
6. Video/screen/projector
7. Doc camera
A. Introduction (10 minutes)

1. Hi everyone! My name is Christine Hagstrom and I am a community health educator. I’m here to talk to you all about puberty!
   - **Is anyone feeling nervous today?** It is totally ok and normal to be nervous! Sometimes when people are nervous, they laugh. It’s ok to laugh because I want this to be fun, but you all know the difference between laughing with each other and laughing at someone.
   - **What is puberty?** *The period of physical and emotional changes that occurs during the transition between childhood and adulthood.* Does this happen in one day? *No!* Keep in mind that these changes happen slowly over time.
   - **Why do you think puberty is important to learn about, why am I here today?** (Happens to everyone, could already have started for some of you. Puberty can be scary, but it is a lot less scary if you know what to expect!)

2. Group Agreements: let’s set up some G.A. for this class to help us all feel more comfortable
   - **Listen** – Listening to me and listening to each other. Also making sure that if you are laughing, that it isn’t disrupting anyone else’s learning. If you have to giggle that’s fine but then pull it back together, because if we are laughing too much then we won’t be able to listen and learn!
   - **Be respectful**- What does it look like to be respectful in class? Some of you may have learned about puberty and know more others, and that is ok. Just remember we are all learning together today. I don’t want to see anyone laughing at each other or making someone feel bad for participating. You all are 5th graders and mature enough to handle this, I promise!
   - **Ask questions**- This is so important! It is really normal to be curious about this stuff. I encourage you to raise your hand and ask questions as we go, but if you want your question to be anonymous please write it down and I will answer it next time we’re together. I promise if you have a question, there are other people in the class who are wondering the same thing, so you should be the brave one and ask the question!
   - Are there any rules you’d like to add to this list? Raise your hand if you can agree to follow these rules!
B. Puberty Overview (40 minutes)

1. **Intro:** Now we are going to watch a video that talks about puberty but first I want to point something out. This video has a lot of great information in it, but it focuses on typical development for boys and girls, and does not acknowledge that everyone develops a little bit differently and that some people might not fit into the boxes the video describes and that is totally ok! It’s important to treat everyone with respect regardless of what their body looks like or their gender or how they identify.

2. **Video:** Show “Always changing” coed video on you tube. 
   [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tKfJ8w7XX6E](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tKfJ8w7XX6E)

3. **Pair share:** Take the next 30 seconds and turn to the person next to you to share something new that you learned or a question that you have. Does anyone want to share something you learned or are there any questions?

4. **Review major changes – brainstorm and list on board:** I’m going to write 3 columns on the board- Female (when I say female I mean someone who was assigned female at birth, has a vagina), Male (someone who was assigned male at birth, has a penis), and Everyone. Again, we are talking about typical development and remember that this is not the case for everyone!

   **Key:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Everyone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hips widen</td>
<td>Shoulders broaden</td>
<td>Taller</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breasts develop</td>
<td>Facial hair</td>
<td>Acne</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ovulation &amp; menstruation</td>
<td>Sperm production</td>
<td>Sweat/body odor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vaginal discharge</td>
<td>Nocturnal emission</td>
<td>Pubic/underarm hair</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Voice deepens</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Genitals enlarge</td>
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<td>Erections</td>
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<td><strong>Crushes</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Self-consciousness</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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<td><strong>Mood changes</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

C. Wrap Up (5 minutes)

1. I know puberty can sometimes feel overwhelming or some of these changes can seem like a drag, but there are a lot of great things about growing up too! So, I want you to turn to the person next to you and share one thing about getting older you are most looking forward to. Does anyone want to share with the group?
   - **Examples:** taller, independence, driving, dating, confidence! Even though puberty is a big change there are a lot of good things that happen because of it!
A. Introduction (5 minutes)

1. Hi everyone! Last time we learned about puberty - someone remind me, what is puberty? How our bodies change as we become adults. Today, we are going to continue learning about those changes and learn about hygiene and how to keep our changing bodies healthy! Remember about our group agreements: Listen, be respectful, and ask questions!

2. First, let’s review some vocabulary from last time (FLASH worksheet #1). On the left there are some vocab words and on the right are some definitions. I’m going to read a definition out loud and I want someone to raise their hand and tell me which vocab word matches that definition.

B. Puberty Trivia! (25 minutes)

• Now we are going to play a trivia game! I’m going to ask you true or false questions and I’m going to say raise your hand if you think it’s true, raise your hand if you think it’s false. If the majority of you get the answer correct, you all get a point, if the majority get the answer wrong then I get a point (can also be done in table group teams). A lot of these questions will be a review from our last lesson, but some of these might be brand new information so it is ok if you don’t know the answer.

1. Usually, males start puberty a little younger than females.
   • FALSE- Typically, girls start puberty before boys but not always.

2. Starting at puberty, underarm sweat starts to smell.
   • TRUE- After puberty, a different group of glands produce sweat that has an odor. What do many people use to help with the smell? Deodorant! Show example. Deodorants come in many different smells and styles and you can choose whatever you like best. And if your family doesn’t use deodorant that’s ok, you don’t have to. If you are using deodorant, you should use it every day for it to work properly.

3. The Pituitary gland, in the brain, tells the body when to begin puberty
   • TRUE- So, since it is controlled by the brain, can we choose when we start puberty? No! Remember that everyone’s body is on its own timeline, and you will experience these changes when the time is right for you.

4. Erections only happen if the person is thinking about something sexual
   • FALSE- Can someone remind us, what is an erection? Most of the time during puberty, erections happen for no reason at all. Some people find them
embarrassing, but just remember that it’s not something you can control so be kind to each other!

5. You can tell if someone is on their period just by looking at them
   - FALSE- You can’t tell by looking at someone if they are on their period. Again, sometimes people feel self-conscious about their periods, but it is not something you can control.

6. A person’s feelings may change from moment to moment, especially during puberty
   - TRUE- What is this called? Mood swings! Remember that puberty is not just physical changes but often there are emotional changes as well. Mood swings are common and normal, and just remember to take care of yourselves.

7. Everyone, including males, has some breast growth during puberty
   - TRUE- It is common for boys to also develop breasts during puberty and it usually goes away after a couple years. And everyone has breast tissue because it is possible for men to also get breast cancer.

8. Young people should not use tampons
   - FALSE- Some people believe that younger people shouldn’t use tampons, but most people think it really doesn’t matter whether someone uses a pad or a tampon. It is entirely up to you what you want to use and what feels most comfortable for you. Show tampon. A lot of students ask me if tampons and hurt and the answer is they shouldn’t. If you put a tampon in and it feels uncomfortable or hurts at all, you should take it out and try again or just use a pad instead. Sometimes it takes some practice to get comfortable wearing them. How often do you need to change a tampon? 4-6 hours. Tampons are very safe (millions of people use them), but you just have to remember not to leave them in too long because they can cause an infection. If you don’t want to use a tampon, there are also pads. Show pad. Again, you get to choose what you want to use. If you’re not sure, you can talk to a parent or another adult you trust and see what they think.

9. The main reason teenagers get acne is they eat the wrong foods
   - FALSE- This is a myth! Some people think that if people are eating junk food or not washing their face they will have more acne. Eating healthy and washing your face can help some people, but sometimes people are really careful and take care of themselves and still get pimples. For most people, acne is caused by hormones during puberty, and there’s not much someone can do about that.

10. There is something wrong if an ejaculation happens during sleep
• FALSE- Who remembers what this is called? Nocturnal emission or wet dream. This is very normal and common during puberty, but it is also normal if someone doesn’t have wet dreams. It is healthy either way.

11. If someone has not started puberty by age 13, they should see a doctor because there might be something wrong with their endocrine system.
• FALSE- What age do you think someone should be concerned? 18ish. I would say if someone is finishing high school and still hasn’t started puberty then maybe they should talk to a doctor, but that isn’t something you all should be worried about for a long time. Some people start puberty in elementary school, some in middle school, and some in high school and it doesn’t matter because everyone’s body is unique.

12. Someone with a penis should start wearing an athletic supporter or cup when they play sports to protect their genitals
• TRUE- First of all, what is an athletic supporter or cup? Basically a hard plastic that is worn over the penis and testicles to protect them during sports. Cups should be worn during any contact sports like football, baseball, lacrosse, or hockey, and not just because it hurts to get hit in the genitals but they are actually to protect your genitals because getting hit too hard can be harmful. If someone has a vagina do they need to wear a cup? No because most of female reproductive organs are on the inside of the body and are already protected by the skeletal system.

13. It is ok for someone to play sports while they are menstruating
• TRUE- This is another myth that some people think you have to lay around and do nothing when you have your period. If you want to do that that is up to you, but you can absolutely still play sports and do all your regular activities. The only difference would be you are wearing a pad or a tampon, and for some people exercise can help menstrual cramps feel better. The only exception with this is swimming. Pads don’t work very well in the water, so if you did want to go swimming on your period a tampon is a better choice.

14. If someone has an uncircumcised penis, they should wash under the foreskin
• TRUE- First of all, who knows what uncircumcised means? Circumcision is when the foreskin is removed from the end of the penis. This is something that usually happens by a doctor at birth. Parents often make this decision based on religious or cultural beliefs. About ⅔ of babies born in the U.S. are circumcised, and ⅓ are not, and it doesn’t matter either way. The only difference is that if you are uncircumcised, meaning you have a foreskin, you just need to be a little more diligent cleaning by pulling back the foreskin and gently washing because bacteria could grow underneath and cause an infection.
15. Some people start wearing bras during puberty when their breasts start to develop.

- Some people feel more comfortable wearing bras especially during sports or other activities, but if you don’t want to wear a bra you don’t have to— it’s up to you. If you’re not sure whether you want to wear one or not you should talk to a parent or another adult you trust.

C. Anonymous questions (20 minutes)

1. Now we are going to do anonymous questions, so I’m going to pass out slips of paper and I want you all to think of a question you have about puberty. If you don’t have a question, you could also write down something that you know or have learned about puberty that we haven’t talked about yet that you think everyone else should know you could write that down. If you really can’t think of a question that is ok, you can write down a comment or draw a picture instead, but I want everyone to turn something in. Remember that these are anonymous and private so please keep your eyes on your own paper.

2. A couple of rules before we start— remember that they are anonymous so if you know who wrote something down or you think you know please keep that to yourself. I don’t want to hear any names while I’m answering these. Also, be kind and respectful to each other. Asking questions is brave and even if a question might seem silly to you please be kind and don’t make someone feel bad for asking a question.

D. Healthy communication (5 minutes)

1. It is really important to have healthy communication with your parents or another adult that you trust because they can answer your questions about this stuff at home. I really encourage you to talk with your family even if it might feel a little bit uncomfortable at first. I have a secret for you- some parents feel comfortable talking about this, but most of the time they feel even more uncomfortable than you do! So, you have all the power and making your parents feel awkward can be pretty fun. I’m going to challenge all of you to ask your parents questions, and I think a great place to do that is in the car because they can’t run away from you! And you don’t have to make eye contact which can sometimes help. If you really don’t want to talk to your family you could talk to your teacher or the school nurse or a friend’s parent, or even check out books at the library. Just remember that being curious about this stuff is really normal and healthy. Congratulations, you survived puberty class!